South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2025

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Introduction and Background

The white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) is the premier big game species in the United States and annually, millions of sportsmen take to the woods in pursuit of the deer with a flag-like tail. Curiously, white-tailed deer hold some fascination for most people regardless of whether they actually hunt deer. This fascination may stem from the importance of deer in the development of our country or maybe it is due to the animals' shy nature and overall beauty. In either case, humans are always impressed to catch a glimpse of a white-tailed deer.

White-tailed deer are members of the cervid family which is represented in the United States by four genera; Cervus (elk), Alces (moose), Odocoileus (mule deer and white-tailed deer), and Rangifer (caribou). In the modern form, white-tailed deer originated in America perhaps 8-12 million years ago and currently the species' range extends from southern Canada through the United States and Mexico and into northern South America. In pre-Columbian times it is estimated that there were approximately 30 million white-tailed deer in the United States and although deer numbers had declined a great deal by 1800 there was still an abundance of deer. However, during the period 1800-1900 heavy commercial exploitation of deer for meat and hides coupled with habitat destruction, poor land use practices, and an ever-increasing human population caused deer numbers to plummet to around 500,000 by the turn of the 20th century. Thanks to legislation in the early 1900's that provided protection for wildlife and funding for wildlife management, white-tailed deer numbers have again increased to over 20 million nationwide. Deer hunting represents a significant recreational as well as financial resource in many states.

History of White-tailed Deer in South Carolina

In pre-Columbian times much of South Carolina's landscape was composed of mature hardwood and longleaf pine forest habitats. Deer were statewide in distribution, but their overall densities could best be described as moderate. These moderate densities resulted from the lack of optimum habitat diversity for deer that was associated with historic, mature forests. Also, predators like the cougar, red wolf and American Indian helped to keep deer numbers regulated. Higher deer densities occurred in areas where disturbance created early stages of ecological succession. These disturbed areas provided an abundance of new, succulent growth close to the forest floor and within reach of browsing deer. Deer became locally abundant in areas where disturbance opened the forest canopy and allowed sunlight to penetrate and stimulate new growth. Natural disturbances that opened the forest canopy included lightning fires, tornadoes, and hurricanes. The impact of a storm like Hurricane Hugo on pre-Columbian forests would

have created an immense area suitable for an abundance of deer. Similarly, the native American Indians understood this relationship and used fire frequently to create habitat suitable for larger numbers of deer.

The coming of the colonists had little immediate negative impacts on white-tailed deer. Although firearms facilitated the harvest of greater numbers of deer, clearing of land for small communities and farms created habitats that allowed for increased numbers of deer. Overall, during the early colonial period there was a general equilibrium between the colonists' (and Indians') use of deer and the benefits that deer populations received. However, by the 1800's the value associated with deer, improvements in firearms, extensive agriculture, and unrestricted market hunting began to severely limit deer and herds declined drastically in South Carolina. Domestic use of deer hides was great and in addition, annual exports of deer hides from Charleston approached 150,000 during the mid-to-late 1700's. The terms "buck', "doe", and "skin" persist to this day as monetary references reflecting the historic value of deer in our heritage.

The early 1900's marked the low point for deer in South Carolina as it did across the country. However, due to public concern for conservation things began to change in a positive direction for deer. The Lacy Act was passed by Congress in 1900 placing regulations on the interstate trafficking of wildlife and, in 1923, South Carolina passed the buck law which prohibited the harvest of female deer. In 1937, Congress passed a sweeping piece of legislation called the Wildlife Restoration Act or Pittman-Robertson Act. This act, named for the senator and congressman who sponsored it, authorized the setting apart of a tax on sporting arms and ammunition to be used in cooperation with states in wildlife restoration projects.

Also important to the recovery of deer in South Carolina were widespread changes in habitat that benefited deer. Although clearing for agriculture was greatly responsible for low deer numbers by 1900, the habitat began to change for the better in the 1920's. Years of significant drought and the impact of the cotton boll weevil were devastating to farming. With this reduction in farming came a trend of people leaving farms prior to and especially after World War II. Mills began to operate in many parts of the state and a large amount of agricultural land began reverting to forest land. So at that time there were laws that offered protection for deer, funds to implement wildlife management and research, and habitat improvements all of which set the stage for the recovery of white-tailed deer in South Carolina.

Although delayed by World War II, restocking efforts began in earnest in the early 1950's. At that time, deer were virtually non-existent in the piedmont and mountains of South Carolina and there was little if any deer hunting in those areas. Fortunately, good residual populations remained in the river swamps of the coastal plain and these strongholds of deer became the source for restocking. The fact that all restocking that took place in South Carolina used native deer as stock places South Carolina in a unique position with respect to genetic integrity. The characteristics of native South Carolina deer evolved due to environmental, behavioral and genetic pressures exerted for millions of years and we are lucky to have only native deer in South Carolina. Most, if not all, other states that had restocking programs received deer from other states.

In both the central and western piedmont, where deer were rare, wildlife biologists restocked approximately 100 deer during the early to mid-1950's. Deer numbers rapidly increased and by about 1960 the first deer hunts were held in these areas. In each case, the first hunt was a 3-day buck only hunt and in each case 1 buck was harvested. In contrast, the combined deer harvest from the Central and Western Piedmont Hunt Units in recent years has been approximately 75,000 deer annually. In much of the coastal plain, deer numbers were sufficient to allow hunting even when there was no hunting in the mountains and piedmont. Today, the statewide deer population is approximately 700,000. Huntable populations exist in all 46 counties in South Carolina and the annual statewide deer harvest is approximately 190,000.

South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program

The South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program began in the spring of 1974 and since that time, 8,633 sets of antlers (8,294 typical and 339 non-typical) have officially been entered onto the list. Initially, measuring sessions were only conducted a few times each spring, but since 1987 antler measuring sessions have been scheduled throughout the state. Each year SCDNR wildlife biologists and wildlife technicians measure approximately 500 sets of antlers. Generally, only about one-third of the antlers that are measured make the Antler Records List with the bulk of entrants falling short of the minimum scores.

The purpose of the Antler Records Program is two-fold. First, because of the increased interest in deer hunting exhibited by sportsmen, it is a way to recognize outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina. Second, it provides management information that allows SCDNR wildlife biologists to

identify areas that produce quality deer. When particular areas stand out it is important to attempt to recognize the underlying characteristics that produce outstanding animals.

As deer populations have grown in South Carolina, it has become more apparent that deer herd density in a given area is related to the production of large deer. Typically, areas of the state that are known to have large numbers of deer do not produce as many large antlered deer as those areas with fewer deer. Even areas that have exceptional habitat can only support a certain number of deer before the quality of the animals begins to decline. During much of the 1980's, the statewide deer population and annual deer harvest were perhaps two-thirds of what they are today. However, a tremendous number of deer were harvested that made the records list. In fact, the period between 1982 and 1992 accounts for approximately 25 percent of all records even though the list contains records that date to the early 1900's. Similarly, as deer populations have moderated and statewide limits on antlered bucks have been implemented over the last decade record entries have soared with another 25 percent of all-time entries occurring just since 2012. The good old days are now!

This addition of *South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2025* is based on activities conducted during score year 2025. Antlers from deer that are taken in the fall are typically measured the following spring. For example, antlers from deer taken in the fall of 2024 were measured in the score year or spring of 2025. Antlers taken in other years may also be included in this publication since they were measured in 2025.

Measuring System

The state's antler measuring system is the same as that utilized by both the Boone & Crockett and Pope & Young Clubs which are recognized as the national organizations that record exceptional North American big game taken with firearms and archery equipment, respectively. The measuring system is based primarily on antler size and symmetry and includes measurements of the main beams, greatest inside spread of the beams, circumference measurements at certain designated locations, and the number and length of the points. To be counted as a point, a projection must be at least one inch long and it must be longer than it is wide at its base.

Deductions are made for points that arise abnormally from the main beams or from other points and for symmetrical differences between corresponding measurements on the right and left antlers. For non-typical antlers, abnormal points are added to the score rather than being deducted as in the typical category. A set of antlers is classified as typical or non-typical based on its general conformation, the number of abnormal points, and a determination as to whether it will rank higher in the typical or non-typical category. Current minimum scores for the South Carolina Antler Records List are 125 typical points and 145 non-typical points. All antlers must undergo a minimum 60-day drying period before they can be officially measured. If a set of antlers meets the minimum score the record is added to the list and a certificate is issued recognizing the outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina.

About the Records List

The reader will notice that this publication contains a number of separate lists. The first two lists contain the records for typical and non-typical antlers that were documented during 2025 only. Although most of these records represent deer harvested during the fall of 2024 hunting season, some records were taken in previous years and were not officially measured until 2025. Separate rankings are presented for the score year (2025) and for all-time. These rankings reflect the position of the antlers compared to the other antlers measured during the year and as compared with all historical records.

The third and fourth lists contain the top 100 records for all-time in the typical category and the top 50 records for all-time in the non-typical category. These lists reflect the upper portion of all historical entries and each set of antlers is ranked as compared with the other antlers in the category.

The final list provides information related to the all-time entry of antler records by county. The list is broken down by typical and non-typical and provides the rank for each county based on total number of historic entries, as well as the county rank based on the number of entries in relationship to the size of the county in square miles.

The South Carolina Antler Records List is continually undergoing revisions and editing. Due to the size and nature of the list mistakes are inevitable. If you become aware of mistakes associated with the records list, please contact Antler Records, P.O. Box 167 Columbia, SC 29202 in writing. Proposed corrections will be considered after reviewing the original score sheet that is on file.

Comments on Score Year 2025

The most recent round of white-tailed deer antler measuring conducted by the South Carolina Department of Natural Resources revealed 220 new records. A total of 647 sets of antlers were measured during the 2025 cycle and the 220 that met the minimum score for entry on the state records list included 214 sets of typical and 6 non-typical sets of antlers. Although all the records were not taken during the 2024 deer season, 155 were taken during the 2023 or 2024 seasons.

The top typical buck was a 144 3/8-inch Spartanburg County buck taken by Landon Connor in November of 2022 followed by a 144 2/8-inch buck taken in Greenville County by Kaelan Deese in November of 2024. Leading the non-typical category was a Orangeburg County buck netting 159 7/8-inches taken by David Malphrus in October of 2024 and a 155 2/8-inch buck taken by David Kirby in Marlboro County in October of 2019.

Orangeburg county led the way with 19 record entries followed by Aiken County with 15, Oconee with 12, Williamsburg with 11 and Lexington with 10. As far as all-time leaders at the county level, Aiken County remains at number one with 611 entries followed closely by Orangeburg County with 610. Rounding out the top 5 are Anderson 338, Fairfield 329, and Williamsburg with 300 entries. On the other hand, with respect to the size of the county the top counties per unit area of record book bucks are Anderson, Aiken, Orangeburg, Abbeville, and Calhoun.

Although some of the top counties have relatively high deer populations, some of these counties have more moderate numbers. It is important that hunters and land managers understand how the density of deer in an area affects the quality of the animals. Areas with fewer deer typically have better quality animals because natural food availability and nutritional quality is higher. Good nutrition is important in producing good antlers, but deer reproduction, recruitment and survival are also directly tied to nutrition. South Carolina's deer herd is in good condition, and after many years of rapid population growth the herd stabilized in the mid-1990s followed by a decreasing trend between 2003 and 2015. Since 2015 the population has been stable to slightly increasing. Statewide population estimates put the deer herd at about 700,000 animals with an estimated harvest of just under 200,000 each of the last few years.

South Carolina hunters should recognize that harvesting potential Boone

and Crockett bucks is not a common occurrence anywhere in the country. This is particularly evident if you consider that there are only about 11,000 white-tailed deer records listed by Boone and Crockett, which includes entries dating to the 1800s. Similarly, the harvest of deer in the United States in recent years has been about 6 million per year. Essentially, the average hunter stands a better chance of being struck by lightning in their life than harvesting a Boone and Crockett deer. On the other hand, over the long-term about one in every 700 white-tailed bucks taken in South Carolina makes the state Antler Records List.



South Carolina Typical White-Tailed Deer



Entries for the 2025 Scoring Periods Minimum Score: 125

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	144 3/8	Landon K Connor	Spartanburg	11/5/22	588
2	144 2/8	Kaelan Deese	Greenville	11/16/24	598
2	144 2/8	Kevin J Page	Marion	10/7/24	598
2	144 2/8	David W Turner	Williamsburg	10/13/18	598
5	143 6/8	Russell D Dawkins	Orangeburg	10/12/24	649
6	143 5/8	Daniel L Davis	Spartanburg	10/12/24	665
7	143 2/8	David D Poston	Florence	10/10/18	707
8	142 5/8	Steve M Pietrykowski	Oconee	11/10/24	799
8	142 5/8	Caleb J Evans	Aiken	9/16/24	799
10	142 4/8	Steve E Tyson	Orangeburg	9/24/16	818
11	142 1/8	Devin S Roe	Spartanburg	11/15/24	874
12	141 5/8	Harrison E Bramlette	Abbeville	10/1/23	944
13	141 2/8	Hunter M Coates	Calhoun	12/31/23	998
13	141 2/8	Ted R Nettles	Williamsburg	12/19/23	998
15	140 7/8	John L Outen	Dorchester	11/2/13	1064
16	140 3/8	Bryan Underwood	Williamsburg	10/5/18	1156

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
17	140 2/8	Joseph M Kuemmerer	Oconee	12/3/20	1178
17	140 2/8	Ryan McDougald	Lee	10/21/24	1178
19	140 1/8	Found (John Floyd Britton)	Williamsburg	10/1/24	1197
19	140 1/8	Michael Cowart	Dorchester	11/24/22	1197
21	140 0/8	Brian K Stewart	Pickens	11/27/23	1222
22	139 7/8	Earle McElveen	Calhoun	10/18/24	1247
23	139 5/8	Cody Smith	Colleton	11/4/21	1289
24	139 3/8	Daniel K Carroll	Edgefield	10/22/23	1334
25	139 0/8	David B Booth	Orangeburg	11/21/23	1420
26	138 7/8	Todd K Klavon	Sumter	9/26/21	1450
27	138 6/8	Devin C Walden	Lancaster	11/28/23	1481
27	138 6/8	Jonathan E Weed	Lexington	11/22/23	1481
29	138 4/8	Mike Talley	Oconee	10/1/98	1534
30	138 3/8	James Larry Chapman	Oconee	12/23/23	1571
31	138 2/8	Jonathan T Babb	Orangeburg	11/21/10	1593
31	138 2/8	Vance Bridges	Spartanburg	10/14/24	1593
33	138 0/8	Russ R Kinard	Colleton	10/5/18	1649
34	137 7/8	Nicholas D Horton	Kershaw	11/11/23	1685
35	137 5/8	Larry D Masters	Greenville	11/7/20	1747
35	137 5/8	Brandon P Files	Georgetown	9/2/23	1747
37	136 6/8	Found (James C Redmond)	Lexington	10/1/15	1965
38	136 4/8	Cody Smith	Hampton	10/9/22	2036
39	136 0/8	Jared McDonald	Florence	11/5/11	2173
39	136 0/8	Kelsey L Porth	Allendale	11/3/23	2173
41	135 7/8	Wendell R Causey, Jr	Richland	11/23/23	2223
42	135 6/8	Robert W Busbee	Abbeville	11/1/24	2261
42	135 6/8	Royce J Carter	Laurens	10/1/22	2261
42	135 6/8	Charles D Hayes	Aiken	10/29/23	2261

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
45	135 5/8	Travis White	Dorchester	10/22/23	2300
46	135 3/8	Brandon L Shealy	Newberry	10/28/24	2374
47	135 2/8	Found (Hunter A Laney)	Lancaster	1/1/24	2405
48	135 0/8	David Carter	Anderson	10/4/24	2477
49	134 7/8	Diane Freeman	Lancaster	11/25/24	2521
50	134 6/8	Jamie Whitlock	Spartanburg	11/24/22	2564
51	134 5/8	Found (Les F Vandevander)	Sumter	3/8/25	2615
52	134 4/8	David L Fogle	Orangeburg	10/29/24	2659
52	134 4/8	Christopher H Veronee	Edgefield	10/10/23	2659
54	134 3/8	Benjamin A Brown	Kershaw	10/16/24	2705
55	134 2/8	Cameron J Zimmerman	Lexington	12/11/17	2751
56	133 7/8	Robert Falcone	Anderson	12/22/24	2882
56	133 7/8	Don L Blackmon	Lexington	10/1/20	2882
56	133 7/8	Draky Morris	Berkeley	10/7/23	2882
59	133 6/8	Joseph T Craig	Pickens	11/17/24	2938
60	133 5/8	Chase Kennedy	Orangeburg	12/26/24	2992
60	133 5/8	David L Kaney, Jr	Saluda	10/12/24	2992
60	133 5/8	Dawson Walker Wheeler	Williamsburg	10/28/24	2992
63	133 3/8	Karly Brown	Chester	11/14/24	3109
63	133 3/8	Jack Price	Dillon	10/18/23	3109
63	133 3/8	James D Rish	Lexington	10/28/24	3109
66	133 2/8	Blake Baxley	Clarendon	11/18/05	3154
66	133 2/8	Grant S Lyerly	Florence	11/13/24	3154
66	133 2/8	Bobby (Chip) Stokes, Jr	Fairfield	10/16/24	3154
69	132 7/8	Bobby W Funderburk	Lancaster	10/21/23	3320
70	132 5/8	Micah S Buckley	Union	12/12/19	3438
70	132 5/8	Joshua B Atkins	Oconee	11/23/23	3438

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
70	132 5/8	Wayne E Morris	Williamsburg	11/20/13	3438
70	132 5/8	Jacob D Buckner	Aiken	10/17/21	3438
70	132 5/8	Tiller Collins	Horry	10/23/24	3438
70	132 5/8	Jason Whitman	Oconee	10/21/22	3438
76	132 4/8	Buddy Ward	Williamsburg	11/4/15	3502
76	132 4/8	Branden Woods	Lexington	9/16/23	3502
78	132 3/8	Philip Benjamin Dun- can	Orangeburg	10/16/23	3570
78	132 3/8	Raymond M Medders	Lexington	9/16/07	3570
80	132 2/8	Bradley Freeman	Oconee	11/25/23	3620
81	132 1/8	Buddy Ward	Florence	10/28/16	3676
81	132 1/8	John Floyd Britton	Williamsburg	9/22/22	3676
81	132 1/8	Holden C Filyaw	Williamsburg	9/12/24	3676
84	131 7/8	Dillon L Adams	Newberry	10/12/24	3805
85	131 6/8	Sean M Chapman	Sumter	9/25/10	3845
86	131 5/8	Robert E Jackson, III	Spartanburg	11/20/23	3920
87	131 4/8	John D Martin	Cherokee	12/15/24	3986
87	131 4/8	Logan A Boyd	Pickens	11/1/20	3986
87	131 4/8	Gregory S Bright	Oconee	11/15/24	3986
87	131 4/8	Jarad B Wallace	Saluda	11/7/24	3986
91	131 3/8	Spann Brabham	Bamberg	11/11/19	4071
91	131 3/8	Harley E Kyzer, Jr	Calhoun	11/1/22	4071
91	131 3/8	Kristen Wallace	Lancaster	11/11/24	4071
91	131 3/8	Paul Wright	Aiken	9/15/24	4071
95	131 2/8	Hayden C Goff	Richland	12/1/23	4124
95	131 2/8	Heather A Bell	Calhoun	11/22/23	4124
95	131 2/8	James L Pulley	Orangeburg	11/27/20	4124
95	131 2/8	Corey D Holsenback	Aiken	10/24/23	4124
99	131 0/8	Eddie Meyers	Lee	10/24/24	4265

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
99	131 0/8	Sue E Ramey	Pickens	10/1/99	4265
101	130 7/8	Brian T Gunter	Pickens	10/24/24	4338
101	130 7/8	Craig Simmons	Clarendon	10/29/22	4338
101	130 7/8	Blake Lane	Orangeburg	9/25/23	4338
104	130 5/8	Jason Michael Owens	Anderson	12/24/15	4471
105	130 4/8	Andrew A Gilstrap	Pickens	12/12/24	4521
105	130 4/8	Carl Black	York	11/6/23	4521
105	130 4/8	Tommy E Holsonback	Newberry	10/15/24	4521
108	130 3/8	Edd Fair	Colleton	10/11/23	4598
109	130 2/8	Geoffrey S Spradley	Kershaw	11/12/22	4660
109	130 2/8	Steve C Van Patton	Spartanburg	11/16/23	4660
111	130 0/8	Found (Donald W Dehart)	Aiken	10/1/86	4813
111	130 0/8	Sarah M Pressley	Pickens	11/25/23	4813
111	130 0/8	Carlton R Mitchell	Anderson	10/26/23	4813
114	129 7/8	Wayne J Link	Sumter	10/7/23	4880
115	129 6/8	Dave B Strait	Oconee	12/28/24	4942
116	129 5/8	Colby N Ferguson	Anderson	11/16/24	5016
116	129 5/8	Frazier B Hylton, III	Orangeburg	10/13/23	5016
118	129 4/8	Chad Rogers	Fairfield	10/12/24	5075
118	129 4/8	Dustin Barwick	Lee	9/26/24	5075
120	129 3/8	Trey McCraw	Colleton	11/29/23	5151
120	129 3/8	T C Lloyd	Chesterfield	10/17/23	5151
122	129 2/8	John Kittredge	Laurens	12/3/23	5218
123	128 7/8	Elliott Brent Allen	Florence	10/12/24	5423
123	128 7/8	Chase Allison	Pickens	10/2/24	5423
125	128 5/8	Austin H Jumper	Newberry	11/1/12	5597
125	128 5/8	Johnny J Sanders	Barnwell	11/13/23	5597
125	128 5/8	Jason P Britt	Horry	9/27/23	5597

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
128	128 4/8	Eric Simpson	Hampton	11/11/23	5669
128	128 4/8	Cody Snipes	Lancaster	10/18/24	5669
130	128 3/8	Charles P Broome	Aiken	10/22/23	5754
130	128 3/8	Wesley F Jackson	Kershaw	10/16/23	5754
132	128 2/8	Danny B Catoe	Kershaw	11/3/24	5817
133	128 0/8	Walter M Burnett	Richland	11/16/24	5967
133	128 0/8	Kinsley J Hardwick	Chesterfield	11/17/24	5967
133	128 0/8	Matthew Marbert	Greenwood	10/27/23	5967
133	128 0/8	Kyle A Bagwell	Aiken	9/16/23	5967
133	128 0/8	Austin C Weiss	Marion	9/7/24	5967
138	127 7/8	Bailey Ackerman	Bamberg	11/12/24	6050
138	127 7/8	Ken Holcombe	Colleton	11/4/24	6050
140	127 6/8	Jeremy W Ball	Oconee	11/1/23	6135
140	127 6/8	Charles Spencer Shaver	Colleton	11/26/23	6135
140	127 6/8	Eric B Wallace	Aiken	11/10/09	6135
143	127 5/8	Zachary R Wright	Chester	11/2/24	6217
143	127 5/8	Scott Bowers	Chester	10/30/24	6217
143	127 5/8	Joey Cannon	Williamsburg	10/1/19	6217
143	127 5/8	Otis G Johnson	Aiken	10/27/23	6217
143	127 5/8	Brent Taylor	Clarendon	10/6/24	6217
148	127 4/8	Joe A Addington, Jr	Oconee	11/22/24	6306
148	127 4/8	Jonathan T Babb	Hampton	11/10/18	6306
148	127 4/8	Edward C Lee, III	Orangeburg	11/1/20	6306
148	127 4/8	Loyless Limehouse	Dorchester	11/23/23	6306
148	127 4/8	Lucas P Scott	Sumter	9/8/24	6306
153	127 3/8	Robbie Page	Clarendon	11/17/24	6401
153	127 3/8	Mike J Prouly	Lexington	10/20/23	6401
153	127 3/8	Jody McCraw	Orangeburg	9/11/23	6401

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
156	127 2/8	Jeffrey Scott Gardner	Union	11/17/24	6486
156	127 2/8	Timothy E Snead	Greenville	11/25/24	6486
156	127 2/8	Brian K Cavender	Orangeburg	10/27/23	6486
159	127 1/8	Bobby W Daring	Jasper	12/30/23	6583
159	127 1/8	Meg S Ladd	Fairfield	12/6/24	6583
159	127 1/8	Michael T Ridgeway	Anderson	11/9/24	6583
159	127 1/8	Wally S Anders	Greenville	10/11/21	6583
159	127 1/8	Kevin A Williams	McCormick	10/21/21	6583
164	127 0/8	Tony E Brown	Spartanburg	12/8/24	6661
164	127 0/8	John H Esposito	Aiken	11/22/24	6661
164	127 0/8	Timothy B Brown	Kershaw	10/26/24	6661
164	127 0/8	Taylor L Culler	Orangeburg	10/18/15	6661
164	127 0/8	Robert W Justice	Lexington	10/1/23	6661
169	126 6/8	Jaran Alexander	Pickens	11/21/12	6847
169	126 6/8	Gary Dozier	Marion	11/13/24	6847
169	126 6/8	Kevin Morris	Newberry	10/25/24	6847
169	126 6/8	Robert G Richbourg, Jr	Clarendon	10/28/20	6847
173	126 5/8	Derek C Johnson	Spartanburg	11/2/19	6945
173	126 5/8	B J Snipes	Chester	11/20/24	6945
173	126 5/8	Mike Cline	Orangeburg	10/1/17	6945
173	126 5/8	Ander Lee	Lee	10/1/19	6945
177	126 4/8	Roger A Goolsby	Greenville	12/17/23	7024
177	126 4/8	Donald Daniels	Orangeburg	11/1/24	7024
177	126 4/8	Jason G Anderson	Darlington	10/28/23	7024
180	126 3/8	Claude R Hooper	Oconee	11/23/23	7113
181	126 2/8	Robin Cairco	York	11/4/24	7208
181	126 2/8	Jagger B Norris	Aiken	10/22/24	7208
181	126 2/8	Donald O Risinger	Greenwood	9/17/23	7208

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
184	126 1/8	Briar M Gates	Richland	8/24/24	7303
184	126 1/8	Michael W Harvey	Lancaster	10/26/20	7303
184	126 1/8	Lawton Hayes	Orangeburg	10/9/24	7303
184	126 1/8	Michael A Young	Bamberg	10/19/23	7303
184	126 1/8	Chase Fowler	Orangeburg	9/7/24	7303
189	126 0/8	Michael Sawyer	Kershaw	12/26/24	7389
189	126 0/8	Dwayne M Grant	Chester	11/17/24	7389
189	126 0/8	Scott A Bashor	Laurens	10/19/24	7389
192	125 7/8	Daniel C Hewitt	Lee	11/24/24	7505
192	125 7/8	Gilbert Rogers	Clarendon	10/30/22	7505
194	125 6/8	Matthew D Jordan	Florence	11/7/17	7592
194	125 6/8	Ryan L Moody	Dillon	11/27/13	7592
194	125 6/8	James H Stillwell	Abbeville	10/19/24	7592
194	125 6/8	Travis Wilson	Clarendon	10/17/23	7592
198	125 5/8	Amos R Berry	Lexington	12/24/24	7693
198	125 5/8	Daniel M Hunter	Chesterfield	12/30/24	7693
198	125 5/8	Carrington Gray	Richland	10/20/24	7693
198	125 5/8	Noah L Tankersley	Greenville	10/1/22	7693
202	125 4/8	Robbie D Phillips	Cherokee	11/12/24	7773
203	125 3/8	Joseph M Pritchett	Greenville	11/23/17	7861
204	125 2/8	Josh C Falcon	Aiken	11/15/17	7954
204	125 2/8	David D Poston	Aiken	11/11/15	7954
204	125 2/8	Thomas Henry Bell	Barnwell	10/14/16	7954
204	125 2/8	Tony Newman	Sumter	10/7/23	7954
208	125 1/8	Wayne J Link	Sumter	11/1/12	8063
208	125 1/8	Jared A Ledbetter	Abbeville	10/4/24	8063
208	125 1/8	Kayla M Newton	Union	10/11/24	8063
211	125 0/8	Jake Nidiffer	Sumter	11/2/23	8162

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
211	125 0/8	Stephen T Turner	Marlboro	11/6/24	8162
211	125 0/8	Justin Brown	Williamsburg	10/17/23	8162
211	125 0/8	Benjamin L Rivers	Beaufort	10/19/24	8162

Total Typical Records Entered for 2025 Score Period: 214

Total Typical Records Entered All-Time: 8,296



South Carolina Non-Typical White-Tailed Deer

Entries for the 2025 Scoring Period Minimum Score: 145

Score Period Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	159 7/8	Davant Malphrus	Orangeburg	10/6/24	96
2	155 2/8	David L Kirby	Marlboro	10/11/19	153
3	152 3/8	Craig Simmons	Clarendon	11/1/23	197
4	147 2/8	James D Stewart	Aiken	10/17/24	297
5	147 0/8	Jordan Barkley	Lee	10/28/24	303
6	146 6/8	Earle McElveen	Kershaw	11/3/11	305

Total Non-Typical Records Entered for 2025 Score Period: 6

Total Non-Typical Records Entered All-Time: 339



Top 100 All-Time South Carolina Typical White-tailed Deer



Minimum Score: 125

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
1	176 0/8	Wyatt William C	Pickens	12/24/1994
2	173 7/8	Hoffman Randy	Calhoun	8/15/2003
3	172 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	10/23/2009
4	170 5/8	Gaskins A Hugh	Williamsburg	11/11/1998
5	169 7/8	Dover Richard K	Marion	11/29/1996
6	169 2/8	Elrod David	Pickens	10/01/2008
6	169 2/8	Shuman Steve	Hampton	8/27/1987
8	168 1/8	Underwood David	Laurens	10/26/1989
9	167 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/15/2001
10	167 5/8	Woody David Swaney	Anderson	12/19/2015
11	167 3/8	Dubose Tristan A	Saluda	11/02/1993
12	166 6/8	Dillard Danny	Anderson	10/28/2014
13	166 3/8	Hicks Eddie	Newberry	12/14/1974
14	166 2/8	Donald T Craig	Chesterfield	11/02/20
15	165 7/8	Blanton Tommy John	Saluda	11/01/2009
16	165 2/8	Ashley Avery	Greenwood	12/15/1990
17	164 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Abbeville	12/15/2011
18	163 7/8	Owen Charles W	Anderson	11/23/2006
19	163 6/8	Found-Smith Sammie D	Anderson	10/1983
20	163 0/8	Jacobs III Jesse	York	12/25/1985
21	162 7/8	Walls Gary A	Orangeburg	12/01/2009
22	162 4/8	Wise David A	Calhoun	9/12/2009
23	162 3/8	Found-USFS/SRS	Aiken	10/05/2005

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken		
24	162 1/8	Gladden Loran L	Lee	11/16/1979		
25	161 6/8	Davis Chuck	Georgetown	1920		
25	161 6/8	Edwards Frank	Colleton	12/1982		
25	161 6/8	Meadows Dennis	York	12/1983		
28	161 5/8	Found-Freeman Cary	Abbeville			
29	161 2/8	Jordan William Larry	Saluda	11/22/1991		
29	161 2/8	Found-Moore John E	Orangeburg	2001		
31	161 1/8	Found-Carver Judy	Oconee	10/28/1993		
32	161 0/8	Tanner A Herndon	Dorchester	08/29/22		
33	160 5/8	Burdette Scott	Anderson	12/21/1989		
33	160 5/8	Mock Hunter	Allendale	10/13/2010		
33	160 5/8	Sox Jay	Orangeburg	10/12/2002		
36	160 2/8	James D Sims	Fairfield	11/30/2018		
37	160 0/8	Found-Renaud Faye L	Lexington	10/28/1996		
38	159 4/8	Chastain Dennis	Pickens	11/12/1991		
38	159 4/8	Found-Prince Larry E	Spartanburg	1985		
40	159 3/8	Brooks Ricky B	Laurens	10/22/2012		
41	159 2/8	Walters Iii Hugh	Dorchester	10/1971		
42	159 1/8	Fulton Wendell	Williamsburg	10/19/2012		
43	159 0/8	Byrd Jr E Thomas	Williamsburg	11/10/1980		
43	159 0/8	Lewis Billy Lee	Colleton	10/18/1984		
45	158 7/8	Found-Davis Wadie A	Saluda			
45	158 7/8	Strickland Clyde	Colleton	11/05/1993		
47	158 3/8	Rivers John W	Chesterfield	9/18/2008		
48	158 2/8	Sheffield Johnny W	Hampton	10/1975		
49	158 1/8	Waller Vandy	Fairfield	11/15/1986		
50	158 0/8	Davis Kent	Greenville	10/20/1990		
51	157 7/8	Polk Ned	Chester	10/18/1986		

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken		
52	157 6/8	Smith Mark	Laurens	10/21/1995		
52	157 6/8	Claud Robertson	Greenville	07-Nov-16		
54	157 5/8	Dreher John	Richland	9/03/1982		
55	157 4/8	Mcgee Mac M	Anderson	11/05/1994		
56	157 3/8	Freeman Ray	Anderson	11/07/2009		
56	157 3/8	Huntley Rex R	Lancaster	10/22/1991		
58	156 6/8	Crews Carl H	Aiken	10/1970		
58	156 6/8	Dubois Brett	Jasper	11/24/2006		
58	156 6/8	Dunn G David	Aiken	11/13/1993		
58	156 6/8	Lesesne Frank	Williamsburg	1960		
58	156 6/8	Smith Rick	Aiken	11/05/2009		
63	156 5/8	Hardee J B	Williamsburg	9/21/1978		
63	156 5/8	Found-Herndon Henry H	Bamberg	1975		
63	156 5/8	Shipman Wayne	Laurens	11/1975		
66	156 4/8	Bartlett Frank J	Fairfield	11/14/1996		
66	156 4/8	Brown William H	Spartanburg	11/15/2012		
66	156 4/8	Kambeitz Carl L	Kershaw	9/30/2003		
66	156 4/8	Wyatt Bill	Anderson	12/11/2013		
70	156 2/8	Campbell Jr Harvey Rusty	Lee	11/1998		
70	156 2/8	Driggers Rocky	Aiken	10/14/2006		
72	156 1/8	Boyd Garfield	Laurens	11/03/1980		
72	156 1/8	Cockrell Jacky	Edgefield	10/05/1988		
72	156 1/8	Haney Mitchell	Abbeville	10/1991		
72	156 1/8	Smith Thomas C	Chesterfield	11/17/2007		
72	156 1/8	Van D Van Quinn	Chester	11/6/2003		
77	156 0/8	Found-Gaillard Ronnie	Newberry			
77	156 0/8	Moulton Marvin	Barnwell	11/08/2007		
77	156 0/8	Tristan A Dubose	Saluda	10/31/2015		

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	
80	155 7/8	Roof George S	Unknown	1979	
81	155 6/8	Crosland James E	Orangeburg	10/1966	
81	155 6/8	Hutto Kenny	Colleton	9/25/1982	
83	155 5/8	Dillard Danny T	Edgefield	10/24/2013	
84	155 4/8	Bishop Michael E	Jasper	10/10/2000	
84	155 4/8	Burrows Otis	Williamsburg	11/1984	
84	155 4/8	Crenshaw Earnest	Lancaster	11/18/1988	
84	155 4/8	Hannah Ronnie W	Greenwood	10/01/1976	
84	155 4/8	Still Cannie	Barnwell	10/09/1983	
84	155 4/8	Winchester Brent	Pickens	11/18/1995	
90	155 3/8	Dickerson John W	Jasper	10/13/2000	
90	155 3/8	Mccutcheon Hermas	Florence	11/06/1976	
90	155 3/8	Randy B Munsch	Richland	10/18/21	
93	155 2/8	Norris D H	Saluda	10/1976	
94	155 1/8	Rochester Terry	Oconee	12/15/2007	
94	155 1/8	Matthew T King	Sumter	11/18/2022	
96	155 0/8	Chapman Darryl	Edgefield	12/26/1985	
96	155 0/8	Porth Donnie	Calhoun	11/01/1988	
98	154 7/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	11/04/2012	
98	154 7/8	Found-Jones Wade	Union	10/1977	
100	154 7/8	Smith R David	Lexington	11/10/1995	

Total Typical Records All-time = 8,296

Top 50 All-Time South Carolina Non-Typical White-tailed Deer

Minimum Score: 145

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
1	217 7/8	Danny T Dillard	Edgefield	10/13/2016
2	208 5/8	Wood John W	Beaufort	10/1971
3	205 4/8	Means Bradley E	Edgefield	10/29/1994
4	194 4/8	Sears Billy	Mccormick	10/1973
5	187 7/8	Found-J Mixson & A Mole	Berkeley	11/20/2010
6	187 5/8	Lusk Manning	Mccormick	12/17/2004
7	187 4/8	Eargle Erwin	Lexington	9/13/1989
7	187 4/8	Roe Delton	Anderson	10/28/2004
9	184 2/8	Coombs Evin	Lexington	11/20/2009
10	181 1/8	Justin Hodges	Mccormick	11/11/2016
10	181 1/8	Lewis R Hemingway	Williamsburg	10/18/2019
12	180 7/8	Huntington Mark S	Anderson	10/31/2002
13	180 4/8	Doremus Jason M	Orangeburg	10/19/2000
13	180 4/8	Morton Randy	Chesterfield	11/22/1993
15	180 3/8	Found-Scwmrd	Marlboro	1930
16	179 2/8	Robertson Jr Charles E	Colleton	9/21/1981
17	176 5/8	William Thomas George	Hampton	11/1975
18	176 3/8	Ellis Doug	Mccormick	12/1973
19	176 1/8	Herring Mickey	Orangeburg	9/31/1997
20	175 2/8	Jacob D Buckner	Aiken	10/31/2017
21	173 3/8	Found-Johnson Michael	Oconee	11/05/1988
22	172 6/8	Zeigler Harold A	Orangeburg	11/05/2007
23	172 4/8	Ledbetter Danny	Berkeley	11/24/1983
23	172 4/8	Purgason Michael T	Chester	10/27/2007

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	
25	171 0/8	Lee Lloyd	Bamberg	12/12/1987	
26	170 6/8	Fulbright Chris	Calhoun	11/04/2011	
27	170 5/8	Gaskins Hugh	Williamsburg	10/30/2003	
27	170 5/8	Shealy Donald	Kershaw	10/10/2003	
29	170 1/8	Wilson Wade	Allendale	11/08/1997	
30	169 6/8	Oneal Clark	Edgefield	10/30/2001	
31	169 3/8	Bruce Hinton	Greenville	11/25/2019	
32	169 2/8	Railey Eldridge	Lancaster	11/05/1984	
33	169 1/8	Kirkley Jere	Anderson	10/13/2012	
34	168 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/01/2001	
35	167 6/8	Jonathan D Anders	Greenville	11/8/2015	
36	167 5/8	Morris William G	Morris William G Calhoun		
37	167 4/8	Blackwell Tony D	Oconee	12/14/2013	
38	167 3/8	Fairey John L	Orangeburg	10/1961	
39	167 1/8	McCoy Steve	Darlington	10/02/2009	
40	167 0/8	Schaffer Danny	Colleton	9/1974	
41	166 7/8	Johnson Jr Wilburn N	Chesterfield	12/03/1983	
42	166 6/8	Cromer C S	Newberry		
42	166 6/8	Eric M McGee	Chesterfield	11/22/2019	
44	166 5/8	Rebecca R Pelletier	Orangeburg	11/2/2015	
45	166 4/8	Posey Kenneth	Aiken	11/1972	
46	166 3/8	Ard Richard L	Williamsburg	9/01/1976	
47	166 2/8	Douglas Jeff A	Fairfield	10/20/1986	
47	166 2/8	Matt Dagenais	Allendale	10/17/21	
49	166 1/8	Dempsey Clyde	Calhoun	10/1970	
49	166 1/8	O'Neal James B	Edgefield	11/29/1996	
49	166 1/8	Wood Dale	Greenwood	10/25/1983	

Total Non-Typical Records All-time = 339



South Carolina County Totals All-Time



Typical and Non-Typical

County	Typical	Non- Typical	Total	Rank	Rank/ Square Mile
Abbeville	242	12	254	9	4
Aiken	595	16	611	1	2
Allendale	214	14	228	10	6
Anderson	332	6	338	3	1
Bamberg	179	6	185	18	7
Barnwell	255	7	262	8	8
Beaufort	42	1	43	45	38
Berkeley	133	8	141	31	42
Calhoun	190	15	205	15	5
Charleston	50	1	51	44	45
Cherokee	33	5	38	46	44
Chester	122	6	128	34	34
Chesterfield	198	10	208	13	26
Clarendon	131	7	138	33	31
Colleton	272	19	291	6	24
Darlington	110	2	112	35	35
Dillon	56	0	56	43	41
Dorchester	146	9	155	28	28
Edgefield	139	7	146	30	22
Fairfield	319	10	329	4	9
Florence	170	2	172	23	33
Georgetown	63	4	67	42	46
Greenville	187	6	193	17	18

County	Typical	Non- Typical	Total	Rank	Rank/ Square Mile
Greenwood	135	4	139	32	17
Hampton	181	3	184	19	25
Horry	157	9	166	26	37
Jasper	97	5	102	37	36
Kershaw	281	10	291	7	11
Lancaster	186	10	196	16	14
Laurens	214	11	225	11	16
Lee	152	6	158	27	15
Lexington	165	13	178	22	20
McCormick	96	7	103	36	30
Marion	96	1	97	38	32
Marlboro	67	2	69	41	43
Newberry	198	10	208	14	19
Oconee	208	8	216	12	13
Orangeburg	583	27	610	2	3
Pickens	178	4	182	20	10
Richland	178	3	181	21	27
Saluda	144	4	148	29	12
Spartanburg	158	9	167	25	21
Sumter	163	7	170	24	29
Union	72	1	73	40	39
Williamsburg	293	7	300	5	23
York	73	5	78	39	40
County Unknown	41	0	41	NA	NA
Totals	8,294	339	8,633	NA	NA

TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME	Last				First				M.I	<u>. </u>
ADDRESS	Street, Rt., B	OX		City				State		Zip Code
PHONE#	()		(_)				Abnorm	al Po	ints
HUNTER'S NAME	Home		VV	rork			Right A	ntler /8	Le	ft Antler
COUNTY OF KILL								/8		/8
DATE OF KILL								/ ₈		/8
WEAPON								/8		/8
SCORE DATE								/ ₈		/ ₈
SCORE LOCATION								/ ₈		/8
SCORER								/ ₈		/ ₈
Age Weight		/A or /ate	Qual Mgt. /		E. Total of Le of Abnormal			/8		78
	HER SIDE FO				Column 1		olumn 2	Column	3	Column 4
A. No. Points on Right Antler		No. Po Left An	tler		Spread Credit	Rig An	ght tler	Left Antler		Difference
B. Tip to Tip Spread	/,	C. Gread		/8						
D. Inside Spread		(Credit	May be E	qual but not	1					
of Main Beams F. Length of Ma	· · ·	Exceed	Longer A	Antler)	/8					
G-1. Length of Fire		sent					/8		/8	/8
G-2. Length of Se						-	/8		/8	/8
						_	/8		/8	/8
G-3. Length of Th							/8		/8	/8
G-4. Length of Fo	urth Point, if p	resent					/8		/8	/8
G-5. Length of Fif	th Point, if Pre	sent					/8		/8	/8
G-6. Length of Six	th Point, if pr	esent					/8		/8	/8
G-7. Length of Se	venth Point, if	present					/8		/8	/8
	ce at smallest r and First Po						/8		/8	/8
H-2. Circumference	e at smallest t and Second	place					/-		/8	/8
H-3. Circumference	ce at smallest cond and Third	place					/8		/8	/8
H-4. Circumference	ce at smallest d and Fourth	place					/8		/ ₈	/8
between min	d and Fourth	POIN	TOTAL	18	,					/8
Enter Total of					measured the abo	ove tro	nby on (dat	0)	/8	at '8
Columns 1,2, and 3 /8 (address)					moderned the abt	(city		~,		(State)
Subtract Column 4		/8	1		surements and d			t of my k	nowle	edge and belief,
Subtotal		/8	made ir Witness		e with the instruc	-	iven. Signature:			
Subtract (E) Total of Lengths of Abnorma		/8	vvitries	J			3 & C Offici		irer	
Final Score		/8				ı	.D. Numbe			

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a 1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point. (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antlers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- B Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antler; if longer, enter longer antler length for spread credit.
- Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points F originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points; normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main heam.

FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as UNFAIR CHASE and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- I. Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- II. Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- Ш Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game:
- Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted IV solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.

V.	Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.	
	tify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in UNFAIR CHASE as defined above. I fur fy that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.	ther
Date	e:Signature of Hunter:	9-6461

NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME	Last				First				M.I.	_	
ADDRESS				City				State			_
PHONE#	Street, Rt., Bo)X	(, ,				Abnorma		Zip Code nts	
HUNTER'S NAME	Home		W	/ork			Right A	ntler / ₈	Lef	t Antler	/8
COUNTY OF KILL								/8			/8
DATE OF KILL								/ ₈			/ ₈
WEAPON								/ ₈			/ ₈
SCORE DATE								/ ₈			/ ₈
SCORE LOCATION								/ ₈			/ ₈
SCORER								/8			/8
		A or	Qual		E. Total of Le			/8			/ ₈
Age Weight_		ate		Area	of Abnormal	-		/8			
A. No. Points on	HER SIDE FO	R INSTRU No. Poi			Column 1 Spread	Rig	lumn 2	Column Left	3	Colum Differer	
Right Antler		Left An	tler		Credit	Ant	tler	Antler		Dillerer	100
B. Tip to Tip Spread	/8	C. Grea		/8							
D. Inside Spread				qual but not							
of Main Beams	' 8	Exceed	Longer A	Antler)	/8						
F. Length of Ma	in Beam						/8		/8		/8
G-1. Length of Firs	t Point, if pres	sent					/8		/8		/8
G-2. Length of Sec	cond Point						/8		/8		/8
G-3. Length of Thir	rd Point						/8		/8		/8
G-4. Length of Fou	urth Point, if p	resent					/8		/8		/8
G-5. Length of Fift	h Point, if Pre	sent					/8		/8		/8
G-6. Length of Six	th Point, if pre	sent					/8		/8		/8
G-7. Length of Sev	enth Point, if	present					/8		/8		/8
H-1. Circumferenc between Burr							/8		/8		/8
H-2. Circumferenc between First	e at smallest	place					/8		/8		/8
H-3. Circumferenc	e at smallest	place					/8		/8		/ ₈
H-4. Circumferenc	e at smallest	place					/8		/8		
2011001111111			тота	LS	/8		/8		/8		/8
Enter Total of		/8			neasured the abo	ove tron		·o)	'8 I	a	
Columns 1,2, and 3	nododrod trio do					(State)_					
Subtract Column 4 / and that these measurements and date are, to the best of my knowledge and be								oelief,			
Subtotal		/8	made ir	n accordance	with the instruc	tions gi	ven.				
Add (E) Total of			Witnes	s:			Signature:_ 3 & C Offici	ial Maas:::			
Lengths of Abnorma	II Points	/8					D. Numbe				\neg
I mai ocore		/						1 1		- 1	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a-1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point, (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antlers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antler; if longer, enter longer antler length for spread credit.
- Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points F. originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- F Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points: normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main

FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as UNFAIR CHASE and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- 1 Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- ш Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- III. Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game;
- I٧ Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted

	solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.	
V.	Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.	
	rtify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in UNFAIR CHASE as defined above. I full find that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.	urther
Date	e: Signature of Hunter:	09-6461

